

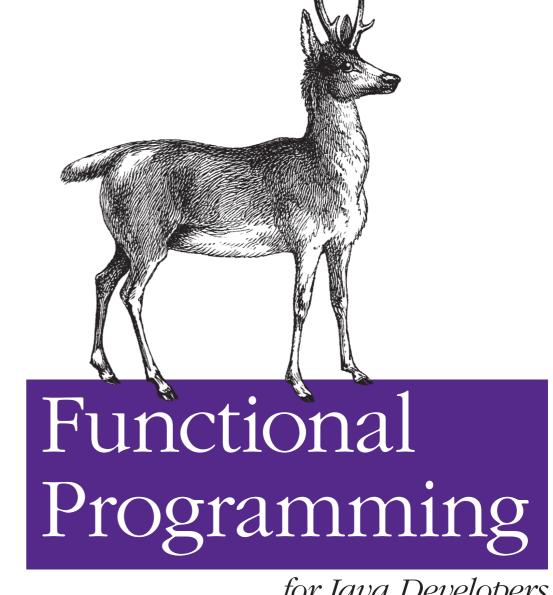
Scalability = Functional Programming + Objects

Programming



O'REILLY®

Dean Wampler & Alex Payne



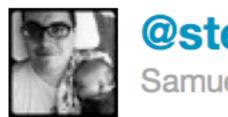
for Java Developers

O'REILLY®

Dean Wampler

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polyglotprogramming.com



@steslaSamuel Tesla

So often I find myself wondering how many things in software we actually *know* and how many we just *believe*. Software is faith-based.

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https://twitter.com/#!/stesla/status/11390744100





Both my parents were programmers. As a teenager, to be rebellious, I insisted that "goto" wasn't harmful. True story.



Retweeted by MaggieL and 6 others











http://twitter.com/bpettichord/status/10062856309

The Goto

A non-local jump, often to a label

```
while (true) {
  doSomeWork();
  if (hasMoreWork() == false)
    goto finished;
  wait(1000);
}
label finished;
```

"Go To Statement Considered Harmful"

Edsger Dijkstra, Communications of the ACM 11 (3): 147-148 (March 1968).

"Go To Statement Considered Harmful"

© Complicates analysis and verification of program correctness, especially loops.

"Go To Statement Considered Harmful"

- Structured Programming replaces gotos with:
 - Sequence (i.e., sequential instructions)
 - Repetition (e.g., loops)
 - Selection (e.g., branches)

Donald Knuth,
Computing Surveys 6 (4): 261-301 (1974).

Programmers found it difficult to eliminate gotos.

- Some code constructs are actually simpler to understand with gotos.
 - breaking out of loops.

Some code with gotos was noticeably faster.

Even Linus Torvalds has defended gotos.

http://kerneltrap.org/node/553

Whither Gotos?

Heresy or Dogma?

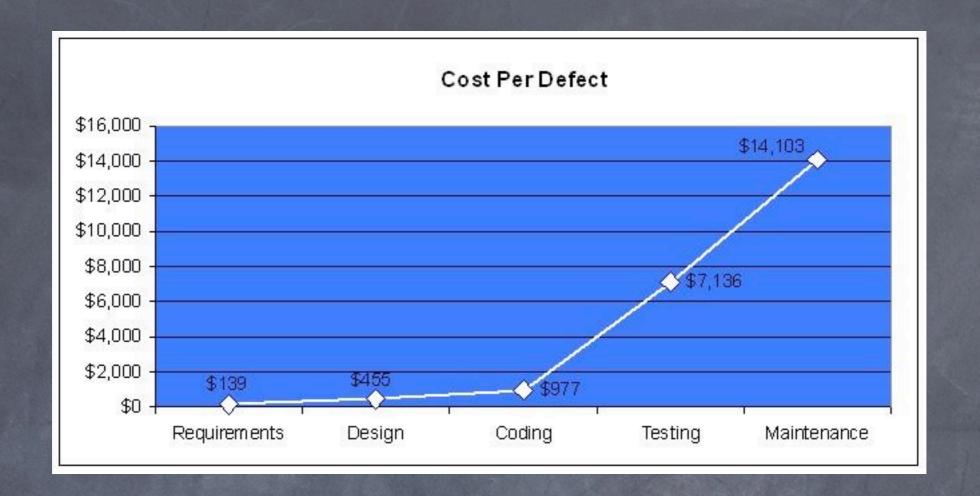
Whither Gotos?

- © Can lead to spaghetti code.
- © Can also lead to fast, intuitive code.
- Constructs like break are rebranded, constrained gotos.



Design Before Code

Wait! That building is supposed to be square!



???

Capers Jones, <u>Software Assessments</u>, <u>Benchmarks</u>, <u>and Best Practices</u>, <u>Addison-Wesley</u>, 2000

If rework is expensive, can we eliminate it by deciding exactly what to code before we code it?

Agile Taught Us:

- Requirements change is inevitable.
 - We learn the requirements while building.

Agile Taught Us:

Reducing the cost of change to near zero lets us defer decisions to the last responsible moment.

Agile Taught Us:

Iterations eliminate risk in small chunks.

Design Before Code

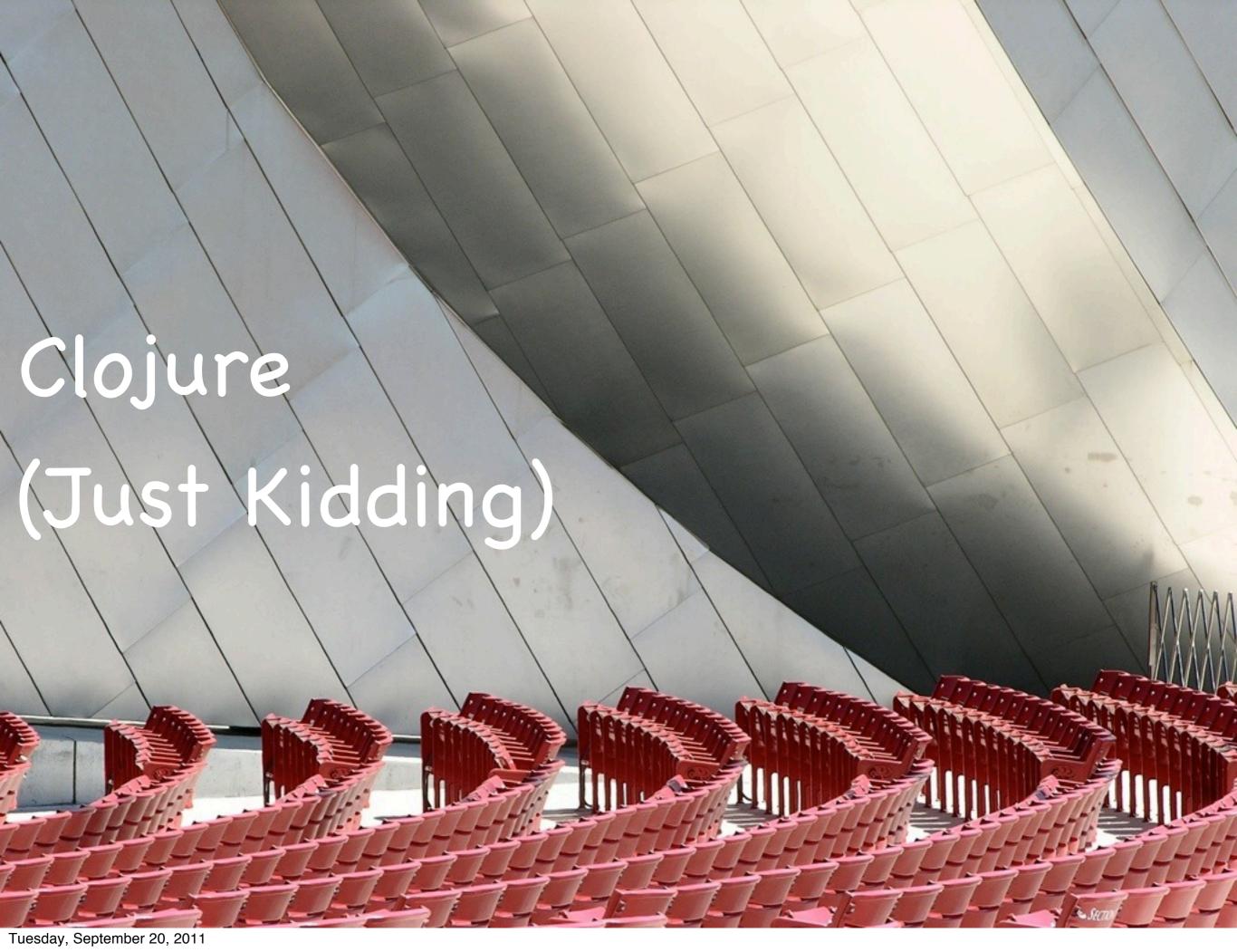
Heresy or Dogma?

Design Before Code

Even building construction is an adaptive process.

Design Before Code

Since software is virtual, it is even more adaptable.



Design Patterns



"A solution to a problem in a context."

Obviously good, right?

"Are Design Patterns Missing Language Features?"

http://www.c2.com/cgi/wiki? AreDesignPatternsMissingLanguageFeatures

"Design Patterns in Dynamic Languages"

Peter Norvig, http://norvig.com/design-patterns/

"Design Patterns in Dynamic Languages"

"16 of the 23 patterns in Design Patterns were 'invisible or simpler' in Lisp."

Some patterns are language features in functional languages.

Iterator, Composite,
Command...

Other patterns are (fortunately) eliminated.

Visitor

Functional programming has its own patterns.

Fold, Monoid, Monad, Iteratee, Applicative...

Design Patterns

Heresy or Dogma?

Design Patterns

The concept of patterns remains useful.

Specific examples come and go.



CORBA

- Binary encoding.
- Object method calls are the protocol.

REST (HTTP)

- Text, platform neutral encoding.
- URLs and HTTP are the protocol.

CORBA'S Flaws

- Every version change forced a global upgrade.
 - Binary change.
 - Interface instability.

Interface Instability

Objects are not very modular.

Modularity

| interface | Single responsibility, clear abstraction, hides internals |
|------------|---|
| composable | Easily combines with other modules to build up behavior |
| reusable | Can be reused in many contexts |

Modularity

- Two successful modularity schemes:
 - Digital circuits.
 - OHTTP.

Digital Circuits

- Each wire: 0 or 1
- 32 together: 4 Billion unique values!

HTTP

- @9 "Request Methods"
 - @GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS, ...
- Text Oriented
 - «Key-Value header fields.
 - Payload encoding MIME type.

Reuse

- Simple abstractions.
- Low-level of abstraction.
- Enabled higher-level abstractions.

Paradox of Objects

Unconstrained freedom to create abstractions undermines reuse.

Paradox of Objects

Abstraction boundary is too high, without a lower-level boundary.

CORBA vs. REST

Heresy or Dogma?

CORBA vs. REST

- REST/HTTP meets requirements for modularity.
 - Low-level, simple abstraction.
 - Minimal coupling.
 - The constraints enable reuse.

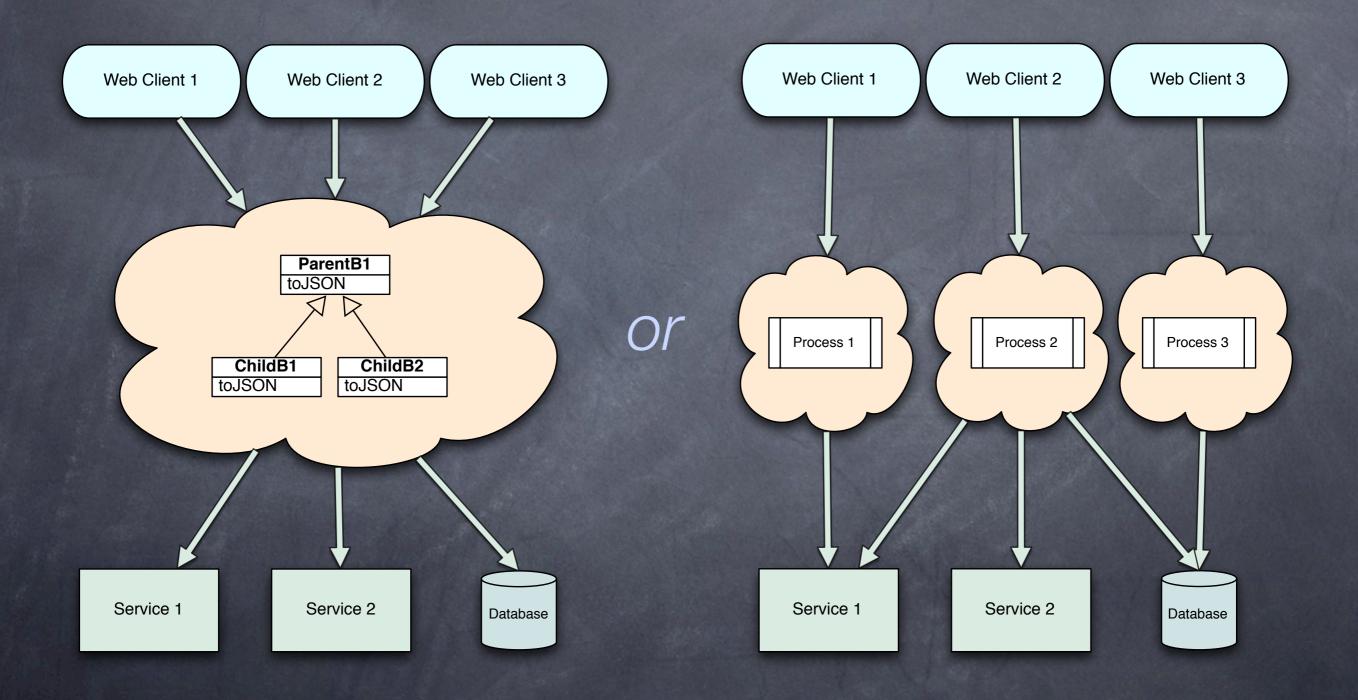
CORBA vs. REST

- © CORBA isn't modular.
 - High-level, ad-hoc abstractions.
 - Maximal coupling.



In a highly concurrent world, do we really want a middle?

Which Scales Better?



Implementing a rich domain model encourages fewer, fatter services.

Object-Relational Mapping

ORM Pros

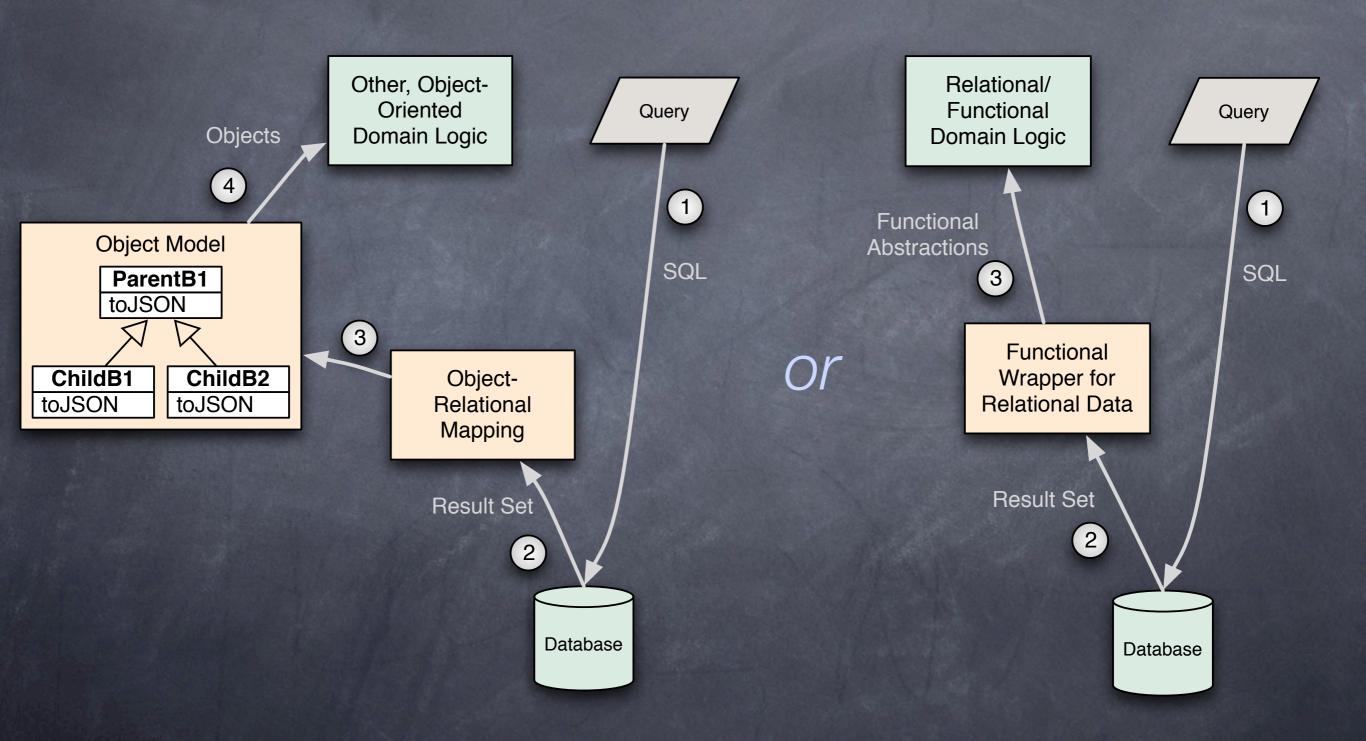
- Mostly eliminate the need for SQL.
- Generate boilerplate code.
- Inefficient, but "good enough".

ORM Cons

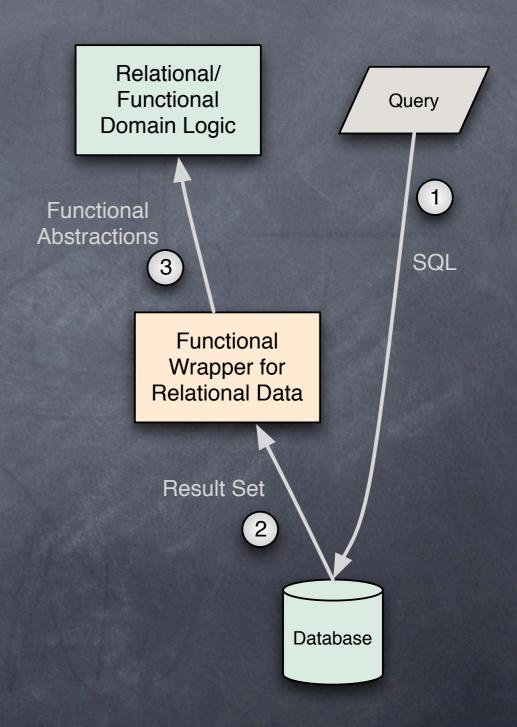
- Poor abstraction don't eliminate SQL.
- Objects are a poor fit for relational data.
- Not really efficient enough, especially for "big data".

http://seldo.com/weblog/2011/08/11/orm_is_an_antipattern

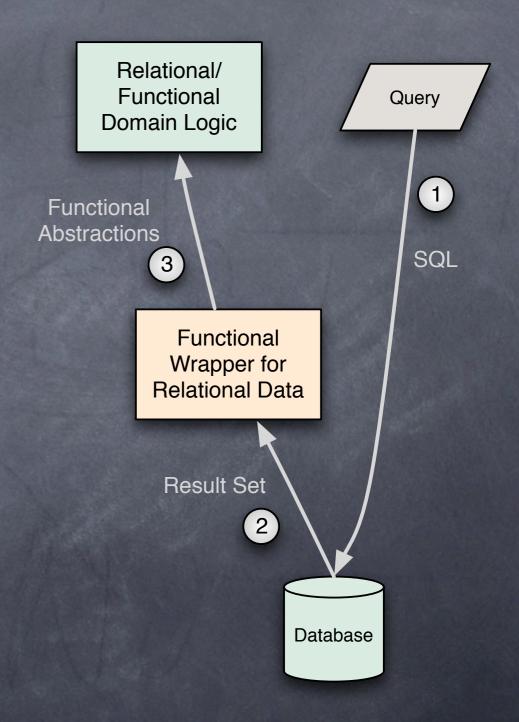
Which Is Simpler?



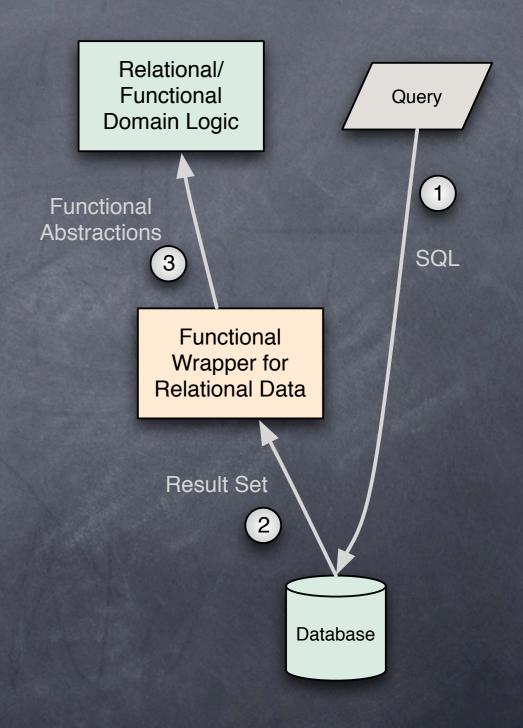
Functional data structures fit Relational data.



LINQ and similar tools minimize the object-relational impedance.



Also, your browser wants JSON...

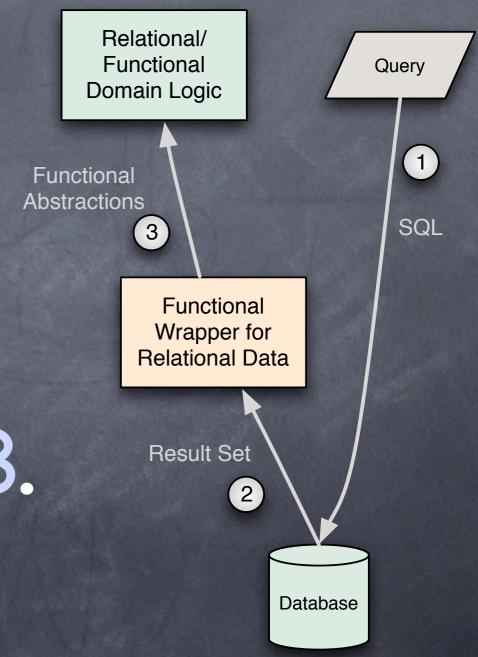


Javascript stack:

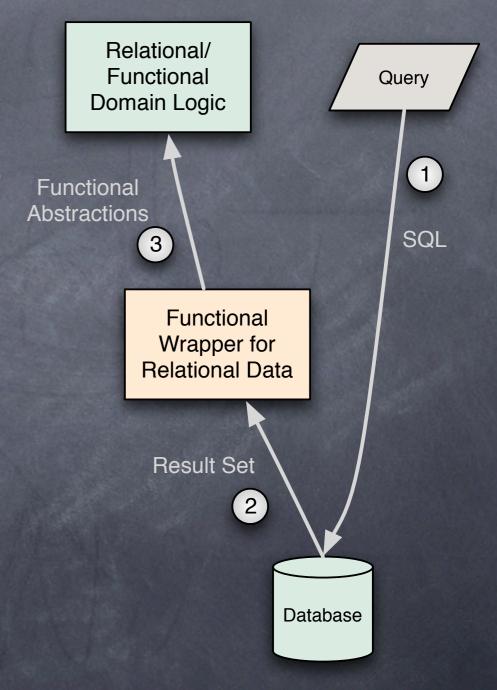
Browser,

Node.js and

MongoDB/CouchDB.



Uniform language and data representation.



Object Middleware and ORMs

Heresy or Dogma?

Object Middleware and ORMs

- + if your object model relatively stable.
- + for many 00 languages.

Object Middleware and ORMs

- if high performance is essential.
- for functional languages.



```
scala> case class `My Class Has Spaces`(
                     `some int`: Int)
defined class My$u0020Class$u0020Has
$u0020Spaces
scala> val `a value`=
             new `My Class Has Spaces`(1)
a value: My Class Has Spaces = My Class Has
Spaces(1)
scala> println(`a value`)
My Class Has Spaces(1)
```

blog.polyglotprogramming.com/2011/9/14/scala-identifiers-with-spaces

Identifiers with Spaces

Heresy or Dogma?

Java Syntax

```
// JUnit tests:
@Test public static void
`delete(n) removes the nth item`() {
  •••
// Enums
enum ErrorCodes {
  `Not Found`,
  `Permission Denied`,
  `Corrupt Format`;
```

Sometimes, whether it's a Dogma or a Heresy is a matter of branding...





How to manage software technical debt: (1) repackage it and sell it off as collateralized debt obligations, (2) await govt bailout.

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https://twitter.com/#!/jaykreps/status/23814156104769536

Pictures from around Chicago. Thank You! © Dean Wampler dean@deanwampler.com @deanwampler StrangeLoop 2011